

$$31) \frac{\cot x}{\csc x} = \frac{\frac{\cos x}{\sin x}}{\frac{1}{\sin x}}$$

$$\frac{\cos x}{\cancel{\sin x}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{\sin x}}{1} = \textcircled{\cos x}$$

$$37) \frac{\cos^2 y (1 + \sin y)}{(1 - \sin y)(1 + \sin y)} = \frac{\cancel{\cos^2 y} (1 + \sin y)}{\cancel{\cos^2 y}}$$

$$1 - \sin^2 y = 1 + \sin y$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1 \\ -\sin^2 x \qquad \qquad -\sin^2 x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\cos^2 x = 1 - \sin^2 x$$

$$31) \cot^2 x - \cot^2 x \cos^2 x$$

$$y = \cot^2 x \quad y - y \cos^2 x$$

$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1 \quad \cot^2 x (1 - \cos^2 x)$$

$$\sin^2 x = 1 - \cos^2 x$$

$$\cot^2 x (\sin^2 x)$$

$$3 - 3x$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 x (\sin^2 x)}{\sin^2 x}$$

x

$$\cos^2 x$$

53)

$$\frac{\cos^2 x - 4}{\cos x - 2} = \cos x + 2$$

$$\frac{(\cos x + 2)(\cancel{\cos x - 2})}{\cancel{\cos x - 2}}$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$$

$$69) \frac{\sin^2 x (1 + \cos x)}{(1 - \cos x)(1 + \cos x)} =$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 x (1 + \cos x)}{1 - \cos^2 x} = \frac{\cancel{\sin^2 x} (1 + \cos x)}{\cancel{\sin^2 x}}$$

$$1 + \cos x$$

ex 1)

$$\frac{\sec^2 x - 1}{\sec^2 x} \stackrel{?}{=} \sin^2 x$$

$$1 + \tan^2 x = \sec^2 x$$

$$\frac{(1 + \tan^2 x) - 1}{\sec^2 x} = \frac{\tan^2 x}{\sec^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}}{1/\cos^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 x}{\cancel{\cos^2 x}} \cdot \cancel{\cos^2 x}$$

ex 1)

$$\frac{\sec^2 x - 1}{\sec^2 x} \stackrel{?}{=} \sin^2 x$$

$$\frac{\sec^2 x}{\sec^2 x} - \frac{1}{\sec^2 x}$$

$$1 - \cos^2 x$$

$$\sin^2 x$$

$$(\tan^2 x + 1)(\cos^2 x - 1) = -\tan^2 x$$

$$(\tan^2 x)(\cos^2 x) - \tan^2 x + \cos^2 x - 1$$

$$\left(\frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} \right) \cos^2 x$$

$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x - 1 - \tan^2 x$$

$$1 - 1 - \tan^2 x$$

$$-\tan^2 x$$

$$(\tan^2 x + 1)(\cos^2 x - 1) = -\tan^2 x$$

$$(\sec^2 x)(-\sin^2 x)$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \quad -\sin^2 x \quad \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$$
$$-\cos^2 x - \cos^2 x$$

$$\frac{-\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$\sin^2 x = 1 - \cos^2 x$$

$$-\sin^2 x = \cos^2 x - 1$$

$$-\tan^2 x$$

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